# To Jesus Through Mary

Name		Per	Date	
Eighth Grade Religion	Test: Chapter Seven			

## 1. Compare and Contrast Lutheran and Catholic Theology using the chart below.

Lutheranism	Roman Catholicism
1. Bible is sole authority in the life of a Christian.	8. Scripture and Tradition go together. Tradition includes all of the teachings of the Church handed down through the centuries.
2. All that is needed to be saved is faith in Jesus.	9. Faith and good works go hand in hand. If I have faith in Jesus it will be demonstrated by the way I live my life.
There are only 2 sacraments.     Baptism and Eucharist	10. There are seven sacraments. Baptism, Eucharist, Reconciliation, Confirmation, Holy Orders, Marriage, Anointing of the Sick
4. Believe in the Real Presence of Jesus in the Eucharist but the Mass is not a re-enactment of Jesus' sacrifice.	11. Believe in the Real Presence of Jesus in the Eucharist. The Mass is a re-enactment of Jesus' sacrifice.
Believe in consubstantiation.	Believe in transubstantiation. The Eucharist is the Body and Blood of Jesus.
5. No place for things like praying to the saints, praying the rosary, devotions to Mary, indulgences, etc.	12. There is a proper place for praying to the saints, praying the rosary, devotions to Mary, etc.
These are all seen as bad.	All of these can help us to grow in holiness.
6. Believe in the priesthood of all the faithful. No special ordained priesthood. Have ministers.	13. Believe in the priesthood of all the faithful and a special ordained priesthood. The role of the ordained priesthood is to re-enact Jesus' sacrifice during Mass and bringing us the Sacraments.
7. Emphasis is on the Word and preaching the Word.	14. Word and Sacrament go together.

#### 2. Compare and contrast the theology of John Calvin and Catholicism.

Calvinism	Catholicism
No celebration of Mass	5. Celebrate Mass
2. Simple/stark churches, no religious art	6. Use of religious art
3. Eucharist is purely symbolic, Jesus is not present	7. Believe in the Real Presence of Jesus in Eucharist
4. Predestination is their primary belief. God predetermines before you are born whether of not you are saved or condemned. Nothing you do in your life changes that status.	8. Catholics do not believe in predestination. God offers his grace of salvation to everyone. He gives everyone of us all that we need to be saved. We have free will so we can either accept his offer of salvation or reject it.

### 3. Explain how Protestantism in England developed according to who was on the throne.

Henry VIII	Act of Supremacy declares the monarch as the head of the Church in England. Henry has Archbishop Thomas Cramer grant him an annulment so he can marry Anne Boylen.  The theology of the Church of England will be Catholic.
Edward VI	Influenced by Thomas Cramer the theology of the Church of England moves toward Calvinism.
Mary Tudor (Bloody Mary)	Returns the Church of England to a more Catholic theology. Queen still remains as head of the Church. Persecutes Calvinists.
Elizabeth I	Wants to end the religious tensions within the Kingdom and restore peace and order. Creates the Anglican Church as the government sponsored church. All most belong to this Church. She isn't too concerned about theology so the Anglican Church will vary from closely Catholic theology to very Calvinistic theology depending on the individual parish.

#### 4. The Eucharistic Real Presence of Jesus

- 1. Define Substance. Substance is that which makes something what it is. It is it's soul or pyshce.
- 2. Define Form. Form is the material characteristics of an object. It's accidents.
- 3. Explain transubstantiation. Who believes in transubstantiation? Transubstantiation means that there is a change in the substance while the form remains the same. So for us as Catholics we believe that at the words of consecration spoken by the priest at Mass, the substance of the bread and wine turn into

the substance of the body and blood of Jesus. The form, the material characteristics remain that of bread and wine, but the reality of what it is, it's substance, is the body and blood of Jesus.

4. Explain consubstantiation. Who believes in consubstantiation? Consubstantiation means with the substance. Lutherans believe that the substance of Jesus' body and blood are present with the substance of the bread and wine. The bread and wine remain just that bread and wine.